

Ranga Sreenivaslu

Jyotika

Renu Bala

Ajay Kr Shukla



Basic Information about Akkaram

1 grampanchayat

2 Hamlets

Banda Tanda Bakkalaingaypally

- No. of households 607
- ❖ Total Geographical Area 2290.08 Acres
- Major Crops Cotton, Paddy, Redgram
- ❖ No. of Primary Schools − 2 (1 in Akkaram Tanda, another in Bakkalaingayapally)
- ❖ No. of Anganwadi Centres 3 (2 in Akkaram Tanda and 1 in Bakkalaingayapally)
- Middle Schools None

- Electricity Available
- ❖ PHC None
- ❖ Subcentre 1
- ❖ Post Office − 1
- ❖ Bank None
- No facility of toilets in houses
- Open defecation practiced by almost 100 % people.

Demographic Profile

	Male	Female	Total
Total Population	931	811	1742
SC Population	38	40	78
ST Population	819	707	1526
Others	77	64	141

Methodologies Used

PLA (Participatory Learning and Appraisal)

Focussed group Interactions

Interview Schedule Method











Timeline



TIME LINE (AKKARAM)

YEAR 1960

1966

1970 1971

1977

1982 1983 MAJOR EVENTS

Settlers came from Kalvakurthi, Achampet, Devarkonda Land distribution by Government,
Cultivation of crops Like cucumber,
Italian millet, khangini
Construction of huts for schooling
Construction of Gravel roads
First radio in the village
Digging well in Tanda for drinking water
Distribution of Oil Engines
Construction of Nallacheruvu pond
Paddy Cultivation started
Bucca school building built Pucca school building built Electricity arrives in the village Bus service started First metalled road Cotton cultivation started First Tractor was bought Migration trend started Television arrives in the village Cemented Road inside the village. BT Road connectivity to the village First Dish TV Connection Mobile Phone Connectivity starts

Maps and Charts

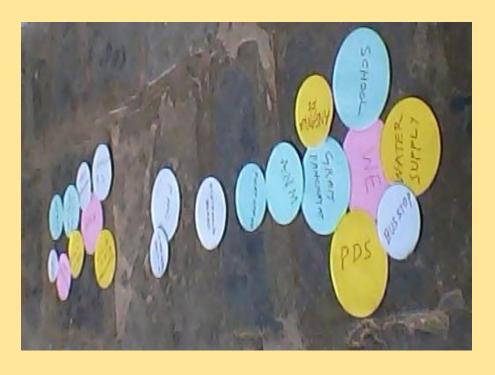
Resource Map

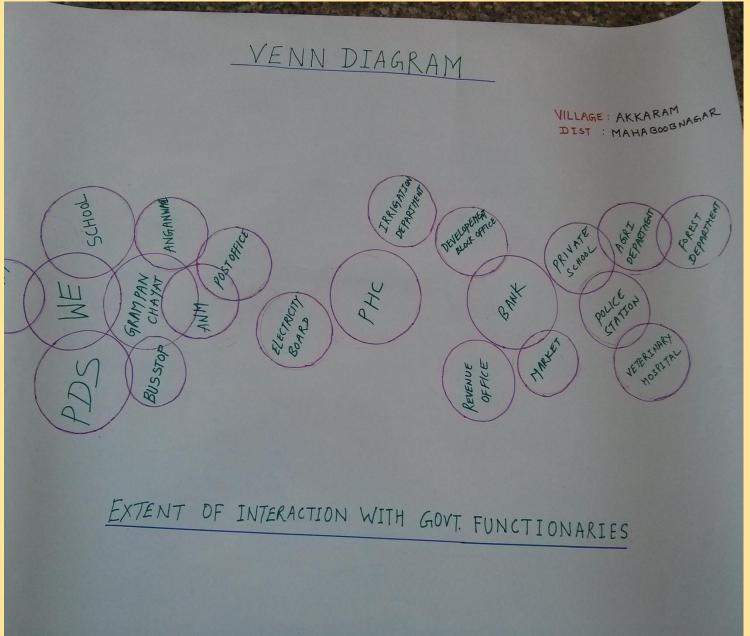


Social Map



Venn Diagram





Infrastructure



- Roads: road connectivity throughout the village is good.
- Inside the village clusters also, the street-roads are generally in good condition connected with cemented roads
- Electrification since 1983
 But only 8-9 hrs supply.



Drinking Water Sources

- ➤ Main Source : 2 OHSR (40,000 L Capacity) 1 GLSR (10,000 L Capacity)
- **→** Others: Handpumps and 1 well
 - 7 Handpumps in akkaram(2 working)
 - 2 Handpumps in BandaTanda (2 working)
 - 4 Handpumps in Bakkalaingaypally (3 working)



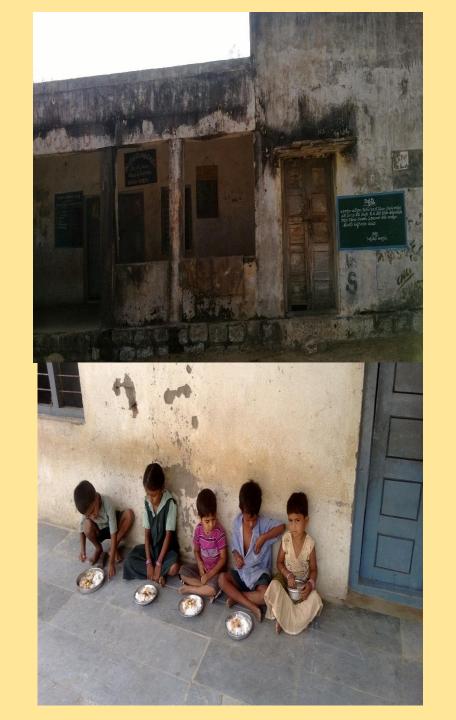






- School Buildings and PDS Shop Not in good condition.
- No market, Nearest market

 Siddhapur (20 km) & Deverkonda.
- ❖ No Community hall.
- No Banking facilities.
- ❖ No Community Toilets.
- No Veterinary dispensary.



A post office but no post man





Television and DTH were surprisingly present in ample number.

Only in 2013, telephone connectivity has been started.



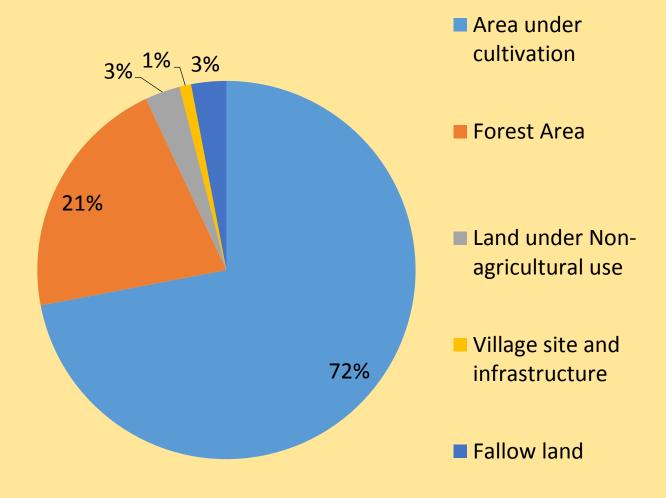
AGRICULTURE IN AKKARAM VILLAGE



LAND PATTERN

Details of land	Extent (in acres)	
Total Geographical Area	2290.08	
Area under cultivation	1652.06	
Forest Area	484.24	
Land under non agricultural use	68.28	
Village site	15	
Fallow land	68.7	

LAND PATTERN

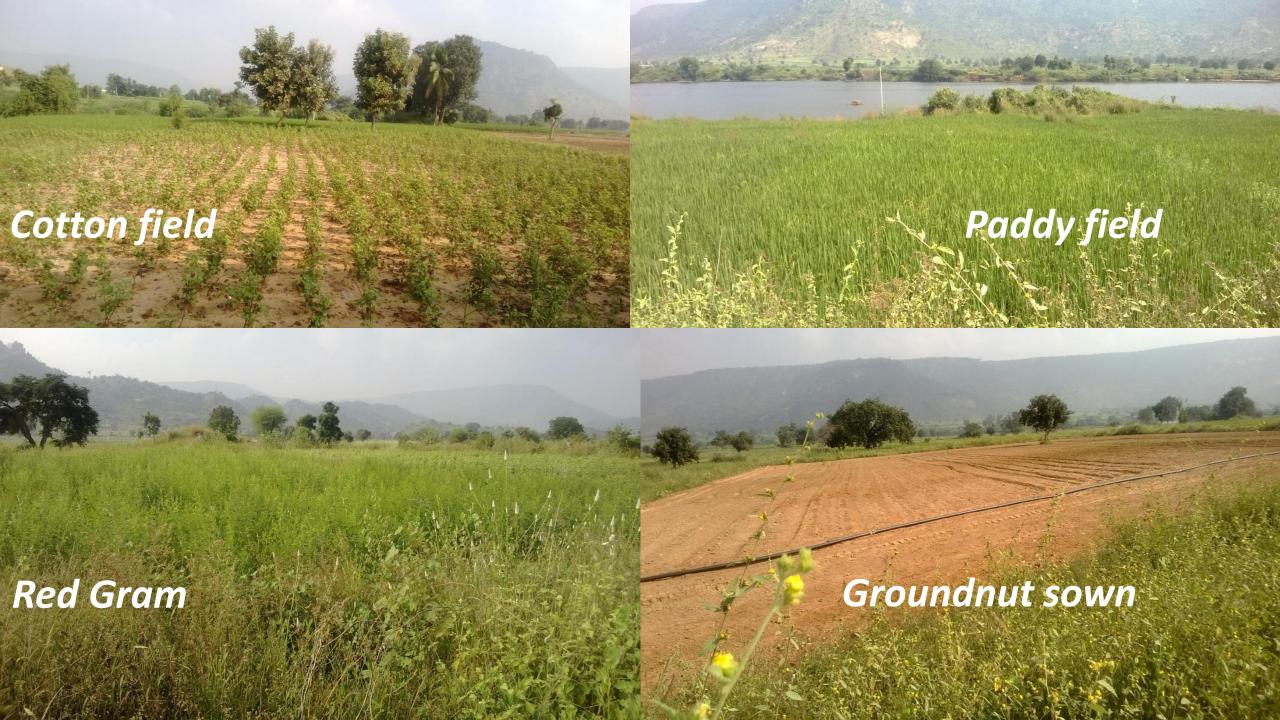


Area under different crops

- Cotton 2036.08 acre
- Paddy 229
- Groundnut 15 acre
- Red Gram 10 acre



Major Soil Types: Black, Red and Sandy Soil



Traditional methods of ploughing





Mechanization of Agriculture

- Irrigation mainly rainfed
- Other sources open wells, overhead water tanks, bore wells, Nallacheruvu pond and backwaters from Nagarjunasagar dam
- Only 6 tractors in the entire village
- Fertilizers used
 DAP(Diammonium
 Phosphate), Potash and Urea







PROBLEMS IN AGRICULTURE

- Rainfed irrigation
- High dependence on borewells
- Not sufficient mechanization
- Only 6 tractors in the entire village
- No combined harvesters for paddy
- No cotton plucking machines
- Lack of awareness among the villagers

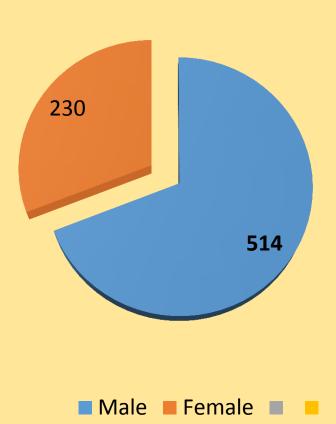
EDUCATION



EDUCATION IN AKKARAM

- 2 primary schools
- Total no. of Literates according to 2011 census is 744.
- 514 males and 230 females are literates.
- Enrolment in Akkaram Primary School: 15 boys and 15 girls.
- Enrolment in Bakalingaiahpally: 22 boys and 12 girls
- 1 teacher in Akkaram, none in Bakalingiahpally
- Vidya volunteers

No of literates





Problems & Solutions

- Dropouts this year : 7 girls and 2
 boys
- No teachers.
- Toilet and drinking water.
- Most people send their children to Achampet for studies.
- Demand for English education.
- Medium and Higher level schools and skill education required.







Health





Immunization facilities, Primary health care, Referral facilities available.

Common diseases – Fever, Body Pains, diarrhoea malaria, snake bite, dog bite etc.

NRHM and JSY going on

Arogyashree and Janashree Insurance Schemes quite popular 4 Tuberculosis cases last yr

3 Tuberculosis cases this yr

2 infant deaths and 1 maternal death this yr

No leprosy cases reported in last 6 yrs

People satisfied with ASHA & MPHW(F)

Good Immunisation coverage

Distance from PHC & CHC, a concern for serious cases

Demand for presence of Doctor at subcenter level

Demand for veterinary dispensary

	2012-13 (till March 2013)	2013 (March-October)		
Total ANCs	44 23			
No. of infants Immunized	55	35		
Total PNCs	41	30		
Maternal Deaths	nil	1		
Infant Deaths	nil	2		

Migration

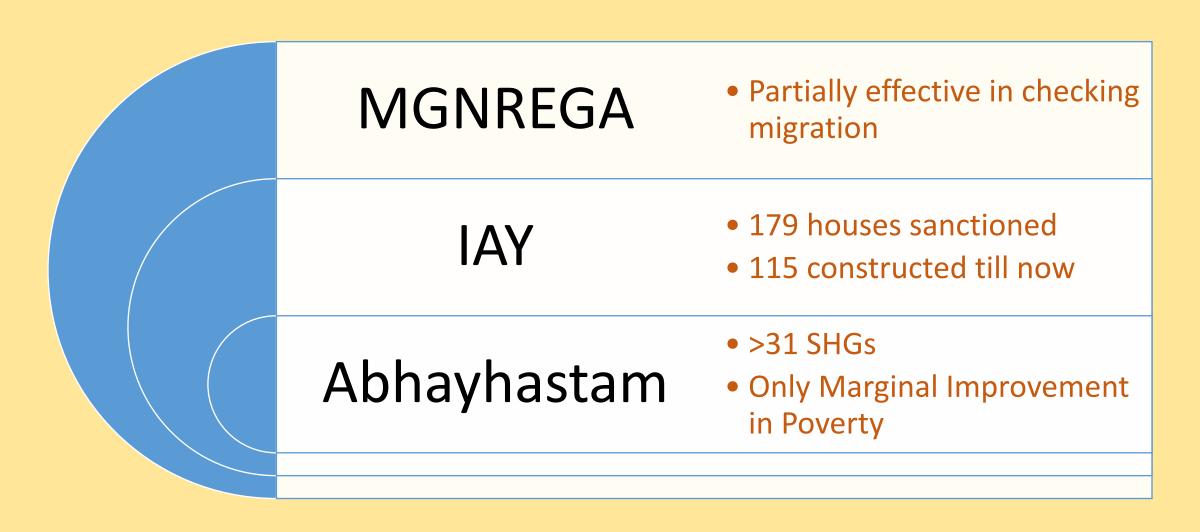


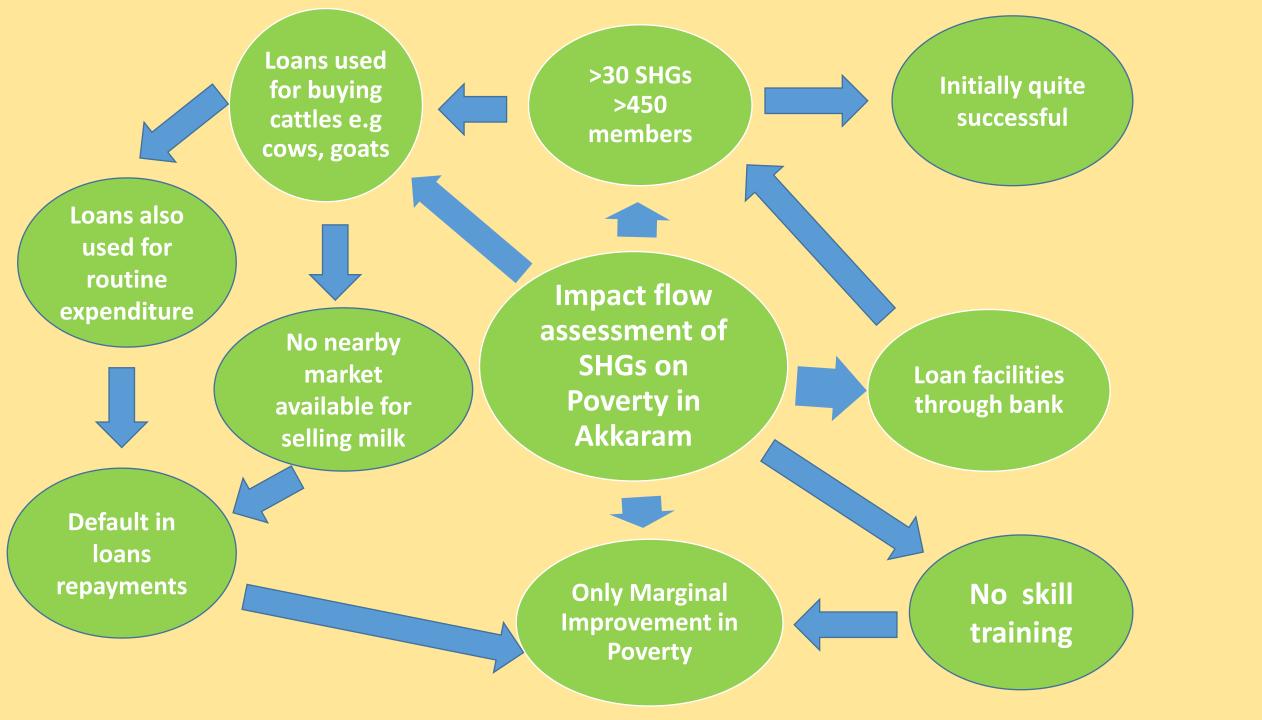
JUNE JULY AUGUST SEPTEMBER MARCH APRIL MAY JAHUARY FEBRUARY Month No. of Migrants No. of Labour Days

Poverty

	CA	USES OF	POVE	RTY -	PRE	FERE	ENCE	RANI	KINC
	S.No	Causes	Ramulu	Nivanjan	Seviya	Rama Koti	Jogya Naik	POINTS	RANK
	1.	Landless	1	1	5	1	1	9	I
	2.	Illiteracy	2	7	1	6	7	23	M
	3.	Low Wages	5	3	2	5	2	17	I
		Iminigration	4	4	7	3	5	23	V
	5.	Ignoring scheme	6	5	6	7	3	27	M
	6.	Indebtedness	3	6	4	4	4	21	I
	7.	Liquor	7	2	3	2	6	20	Ш
0						1			

Government Schemes





sensitization

Mobilization

Holistic Vision

Awareness

Evaluation

